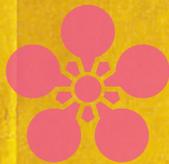
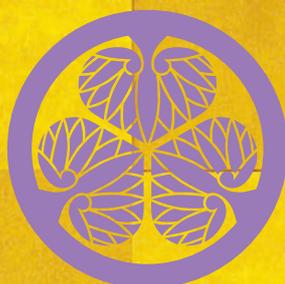




Samurai Travel Aichi



Come Visit The Home of The Samurai!



AICHI-NAGOYA

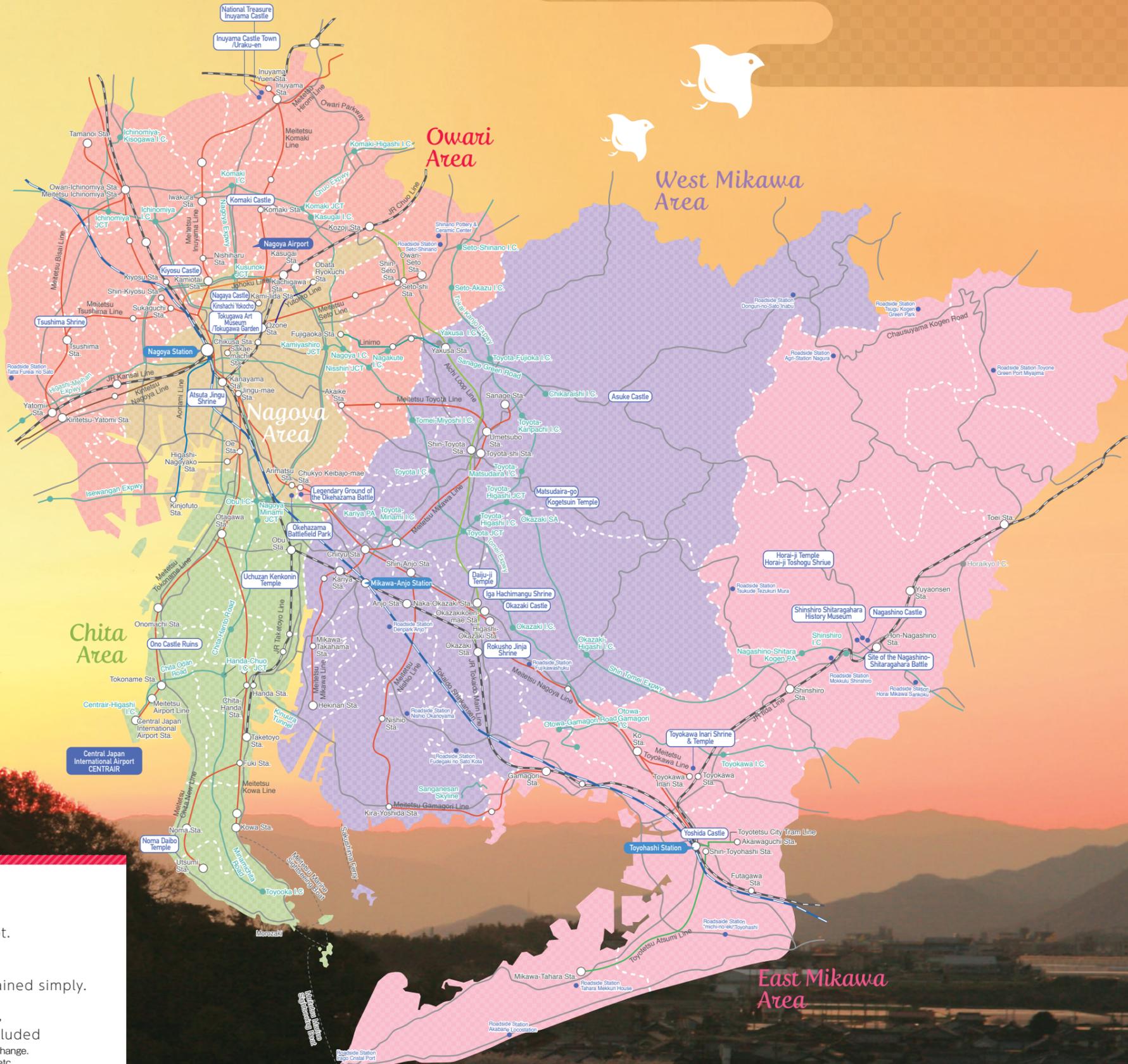


"Heart" of JAPAN
-Technology & Tradition-

© Tsuyoshi Nagano

See Where Sengoku, Warring States History Took Place, & Meet The Samurai Commanders Who Made It Happen!

Aichi Prefecture is the homeland of the samurai heroes, including the Three Unifiers, Oda Nobunaga, Toyotomi Hideyoshi, Tokugawa Ieyasu, and many of the most prominent samurai of the Warring States period. As such, Aichi Prefecture is home to many castles, battlefields, temples, historical sites and legends.



Contents

- Owari Area _____ 03
- Nagoya Area _____ 05
- Chita Area _____ 07
- Aichi Prefecture is an Open Air Castle Museum _____ 08
- Aichi's Samurai Festivals _____ 09
- West Mikawa Area _____ 11
- East Mikawa Area _____ 13

Booklet Guide

The Fortress Overlooking the Toyogawa River

04 Yoshida Castle (Toyohashi City)

Yoshida Castle was home to the historic Sengoku warriors, Sakai Tadatsugu, Ikeda Terumasa and many more. Look for the stones in the walls to find various engraved marks and symbols.

Outline

ADDRESS: 3 Imahashi-Cho, Toyohashi City.

440-0801

ADMISSION FEE: Free

OPEN: (Kurogane Yagura watchtower)

Tuesday - Sunday, 10am-3pm

CLOSED: Monday (Year End and

New Years (Dec.29 - Jan.3)

TEL: 0532-51-2430

(Toyohashi City Hall)

※Open on Public Holidays.
If a Monday or Tuesday
is a substitute holiday, then closed.



- 1 Spot name
- 2 Spot photo. See each spot.
- 3 Spot description. Each spots' story is explained simply.
- 4 Spot Outline. Information, such as addresses are included
※Details, such as prices, are subject to change. Please check details on official websites etc.
- 5 QR code web links
- 6 Castles featuring the 印 mark offer special memorial Gojoun paper charms for sale. Please contact the facility directly for all details including sales, prices and locations.

Owari Area

Owari is the northwestern region of Aichi Prefecture. Home territory of the Oda clan, it also contains many historical spots pertaining to Toyotomi Hideyoshi and Tokugawa Ieyasu.



National Treasure / National Historic Site
The Oldest Remaining Original Keep



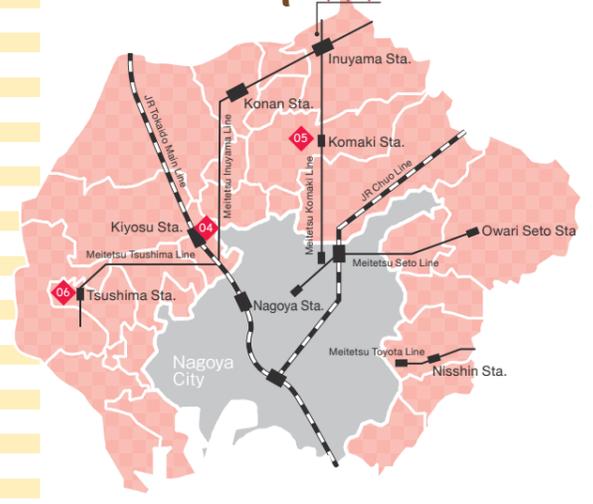
The Oldest of the Five National Treasure Castle Keeps

01 National Treasure, Inuyama Castle (Inuyama City)

Outline
ADDRESS: 65-2 Kitakoken, Inuyama, Inuyama City
ADMISSION FEE: ¥550
OPEN: 9am-5pm daily (last admission 4:30pm)
CLOSED: December 29-December 31
TEL: 0568-61-6000
(Inuyama Tourist Information Office)



Owari Area Map



Along with National Treasure Inuyama Castle, the Owari region is host to a number of castles and other historical sites related to the warlords Oda Nobunaga, Toyotomi Hideyoshi and Tokugawa Ieyasu. Being close to Nagoya City, access to these spots is easy via well-developed public transportation. Enjoy these historical sites and additional experiences such as samurai armor wearing and local delicacies.

02 Inuyama Castle Town

See the old castle town with its many cafes, restaurants and refurbished stores. Enjoy local delicacies as you walk the streets, and browse the shops for traditional Japanese souvenirs.



Outline
ADDRESS: 12 Kitakoken, Inuyama City, 484-0082
TEL: 0568-61-6000
(Inuyama Tourist Information Office)
0568-61-2825
(Inuyama City Tourism Association)



03 Uraku-en (National Treasure teahouse, Jo-an)

A traditional Japanese garden famed for its stunning autumn colors, and featuring the National Treasure designated teahouse Jo-an, constructed by tea master Oda Uraku (aka Yuraku), younger brother of the famed warlord Oda Nobunaga, and the Important Cultural Property listed former Shoden-in Shoin study.



Outline
ADDRESS: 1 Gomonsaki, Inuyama City, 484-0081
ADMISSION FEE: ¥1,000 OPEN: 9am-5pm, 9am-6pm, 9am-4pm *Depending on season.
CLOSED: Open year round TEL: 0568-61-4608

Oda Nobunaga departed for the Battle of Okehazama from this castle!

04 Kiyosu Castle (Kiyosu City)

The lively castle town where a young Oda Nobunaga resided. In 1560, Nobunaga left Kiyosu Castle to face the invading Imagawa army, only to return victorious. Parts of the Oda clan's auspicious Kiyosu Castle were used for the Nagoya Castle Northwest watchtower, also known as the Kiyosu Watchtower. The reconstructed Kiyosu Castle now acts as a history museum offering armor wearing experiences.

Outline
ADDRESS: 1-1 Asahi Yashiki, Kiyosu City, 452-0932
ADMISSION FEE: (adults)¥300 (groups ¥250)
OPEN: 9am-4:30pm
CLOSED: Mondays (except for public holidays, when the next day will be closed), Year end (December 29-December 31)
TEL: 052-409-7330
*Kiyosu Castle is open daily throughout October.



Popular Realistic Armor and Colorful Kimono Wearing Experience. Take AR enhanced commemorative photos with Nobunaga and Princess No-hime, and the castle keep in the background.



Nobunaga's First Original Castle

05 Komakiyama Castle (Komaki City)

This was the first castle built by Nobunaga in 1563. Excavations have proven this castle to be the first to feature extensive piled stone walls, and the evolution from an earthen wall to stone wall castle construction. Komakiyama Castle was also used as a headquarters for Tokugawa Ieyasu during the Battle of Komaki-Nagakute. The Reskishiru Komaki facility was opened in the spring of 2019 and introduces the history of Mt. Komaki in a beginner friendly, easy-to-understand manner. The Komakiyama Cherry Blossom Festival is held every spring, and features about 10 species of 1,150 cherry trees in full bloom.

*The Historical Museum's 4th floor observatory will be closed for renovations until Thursday, March 19, 2020 (tentative).



Komaki City Historical Museum



Central Encintes Stone Wall Ruins



History Center (tentative name) Exterior Image.



Feel like a conqueror enjoying the surrounding sights from the summit. You can even see Nobunaga's subsequent castle, Gifu Castle in the distance.

Outline
ADDRESS: 1-1 Horinouchi, Komaki City, 485-0046
ADMISSION FEE:
[Komakiyama Castle grounds] Free
[Komaki City Historical Museum・Reskishiru Komaki pair ticket]
Adults:¥100 (Free for junior high school students and younger)
OPEN: Komaki City Historical Museum OPEN: 9am-4:30pm (last admission 4:15pm)
Reskishiru Komaki OPEN: 9am-4:30pm (last admission 4:30pm)
CLOSED: Third Thursday of every month. Year-end (December 29-January 3)
Tel: Komaki City Historical Museum 0568-72-0712 Reskishiru Komaki 0568-48-4646
*Admission free to children Saturdays, Sundays and public holidays
*If the third Thursday of the month is a public holiday, the following day will be closed



UNESCO Registered Intangible Cultural Heritage Festival

06 Tsushima Jinja Shrine (Tsushima City)

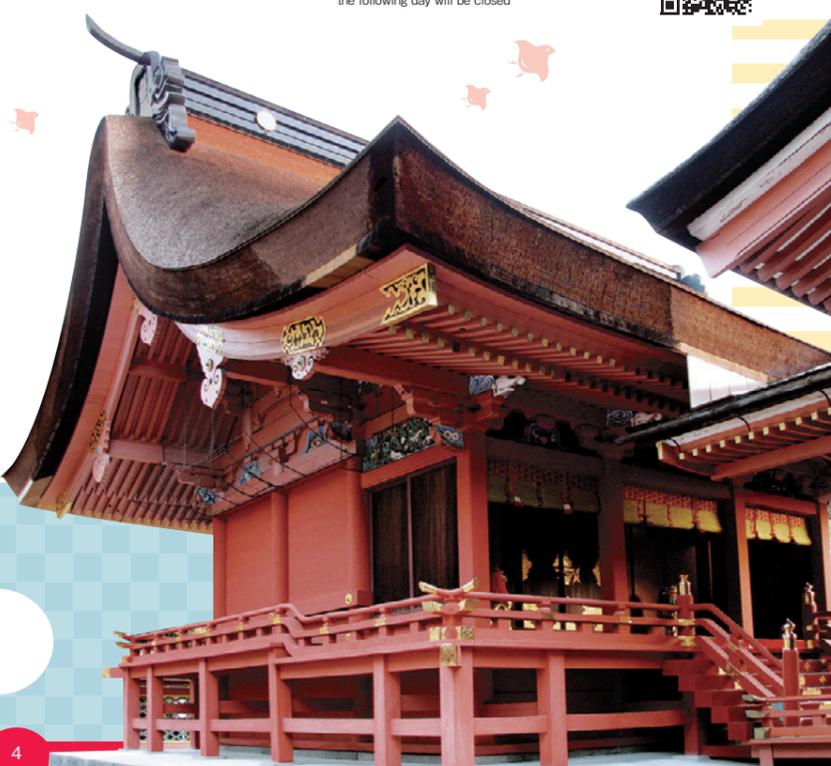
Tsushima Shrine was greatly respected by Oda Nobunaga, Toyotomi Hideyoshi and the Owari Tokugawa clan. The Great Gate dedicated by Hideyoshi is an Important Cultural Asset, and the UNESCO registered Intangible Cultural Heritage, Owari Tsushima Tenno Matsuri Festival, held over the fourth weekend of July for around 600 years, was much loved by Nobunaga. Marvel at the ethereal sight of festival boats lit with 500 lanterns afloat on the calm, dark Tenno River.



Owari Tsushima Tenno Matsuri Festival



Outline
ADDRESS: 1 Shinmei-Cho, Tsushima City, 496-0851
TEL: 0567-26-3216



Nagoya Area

In 1610, Tokugawa Ieyasu had all residents of the castle town of Kiyosu, the center of Owari at the time, relocate to the new castle town of Nagoya.



The Golden Shachi (Tigerfish) is a Symbol of the City, Atop One of Japan's Largest Castle Towers!

01 Nagoya Castle (Naka Ward, Nagoya City)

Outline
 ADDRESS: 1-1 Honmaru, Naka-Ku, Nagoya City, 460-0031
 ADMISSION FEE: (adults) ¥ 500
 OPEN: 9am-4:30pm
 (last admission to the Honmaru Palace is 4pm)
 CLOSED: December 29-January 1
 (may vary due to event schedules)
 TEL: 052-231-1700



National Special Historic Site
 The Symbol of Nagoya,
 The Golden Shachi
 (Tiger-Fish)
 Topped
 Nagoya Castle

Nagoya Castle was built by Tokugawa Ieyasu in 1610 to control the remaining rival Toyotomi clan of Osaka, and to defend Edo (Tokyo). Since then, it was the residence of the Owari Tokugawa family. The tower keep's Kin-Shachi tiger-fish roof ornaments became the symbol of Nagoya.

*The castle tower is currently closed.

Nagoya Omotenashi Bushotai, Samurai Performance Team

Oda Nobunaga, Toyotomi Hideyoshi, Tokugawa Ieyasu and a total of 10 samurai warriors from the Nagoya area greet visitors, explain samurai culture, and stage entertaining performances at Nagoya Castle.



©2009 Nagoya Omotenashi Busho-Tai Secretariat

Hattori Hanzo and the Ninjas (Ninja Team)

The Hattori Hanzo led ninja team played a major role in support of Tokugawa Ieyasu. Today they perform for visitors at Nagoya Castle, and take commemorative photos.



02 Nagoya Castle Honmaru Palace (Naka Ward, Nagoya City)

Nagoya Castle was the first to have been designated a National Treasure along with the Honmaru Palace. Considered a masterpiece of traditional architecture, the magnificent palace was destroyed during wartime bombing. Comprehensive restoration was undertaken over a ten-year period to authentically replace the various structures including the acclaimed Jorakuden, Shogun accommodation facilities and Yudono Shoin bathing room, and completed in June 2018.



The Taste Of Nagoya is Rich in The Castle Town

03 Kinshachi Yokochō (Naka Ward, Nagoya City)

A new commercial center beside Nagoya Castle and set to attract crowds opened March 29, 2018. The Yoshinao Zone, named after the first lord of the Owari Tokugawa clan, Tokugawa Yoshinao, offers Nagoya's classic local foods, while the Muneharu Zone, after the flamboyant 7th lord, Tokugawa Muneharu, offers an up and coming taste of Nagoya.



Outline

ADDRESS: (Muneharu Zone) 1-2,3 Ninomaru, Naka-Ku Nagoya. 460-0032
 (Yoshinao Zone) 1-2-3,4,5 Sannomaru, Naka-Ku, Nagoya. 460-0001
 OPEN: Varies store by store
 CLOSED: Varies store by store
 TEL: 052-231-2488 (Nagoya Castle Administration Office)

Nagoya Area Map



Link to the Transportation Bureau, city of Nagoya



Nagoya Castle is the representative sightseeing spot of Nagoya, along with historical sites related to the Owari Tokugawa clan, and historic temples and shrines.

Owari Tokugawa Clan Daimyo Culture Items and Treasures

04 Tokugawa Art Museum / Tokugawaen Garden (Higashi Ward, Nagoya City)

The Tokugawa Art Museum features the Tokugawa daimyo clan's treasured heirlooms, especially those from Tokugawa Ieyasu and the first Lord of Owari, Tokugawa Yoshinao. The extensive collection includes a number of Important Cultural Property and National Treasure designated items, including the "Tale Of Genji" picture scrolls, swords, weapons and items of historical and cultural value that can only be seen here. The adjoining Tokugawaen Garden conveys the aesthetic senses, sophistication and authority of the daimyo.



Tokugawa Art Museum Outline

ADDRESS: 1017 Tokugawa-Cho, Higashi-Ku, Nagoya City. 461-0023
 ADMISSION FEE: (adults) ¥ 1,400
 OPEN: 10am-5pm (last admission, 4:30pm)
 CLOSED: Mondays (the following day if Monday is a public holiday) From mid December to New Years
 TEL: 052-935-6262
 *Free entry Saturdays for elementary, junior and senior high school students.

Tokugawaen Garden Outline

ADDRESS: 1001, Tokugawa-Cho, Higashi-Ku, Nagoya. 461-0023
 ADMISSION FEE: (adults·High school student · college student) ¥ 300
 OPEN: 9:30am-5:30pm (last admission, 5pm)
 CLOSED: Mondays (the following day if Monday is a public holiday) December 29-January 1
 TEL: 052-935-8988



The Shrine With 1,900 Years of History

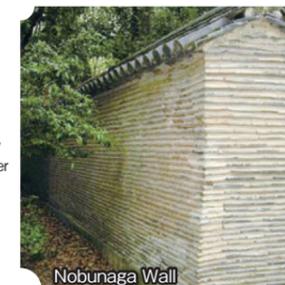
05 Atsuta Jingu Shrine (Atsuta Ward, Nagoya City)

Founded in 113, Atsuta Jingu Shrine is second only to the most holy Ise Jingu Shrine. The precincts cover around 200,000 square meters and are covered in trees over 1,000 years old, providing a quiet, most spiritual and purifying atmosphere. Be sure to see the Nobunaga Wall, a protective wall donated by Oda Nobunaga following his victory at the Battle of Okehazama, and the Treasure Hall, containing over 6,000 items mostly received from the Imperial Family.



Outline

ADDRESS: 1-1-1 Jingu, Atsuta-Ku, Nagoya City. 456-8585
 ADMISSION FEE: Free (Treasure Hall [adults] ¥ 300)
 OPEN: Treasure Hall 9am-4:30pm
 (last admission, 4:10pm)
 CLOSED: Treasure Hall is closed on the last Wednesday and Thursday of the month, and from December 25-31.
 TEL: 052-671-4151 (Atsuta Shrine Office, reception)
 *9am-4:30pm



Chita Area

Birthplace of Tokugawa Ieyasu's mother, Odai, and contains many Tokugawa related temples and historical spots.



A Castle with Deep Connections to Shogun Iemitsu's Mother



The third Shogun, Tokugawa Iemitsu's mother, Ogo, was first married here to the lord of Ono Castle. Enjoy the panoramic view of Ise bay from the rebuilt keep lookout and surrounding park.

The Castle Where Third Shogun, Iemitsu's Mother was First Married

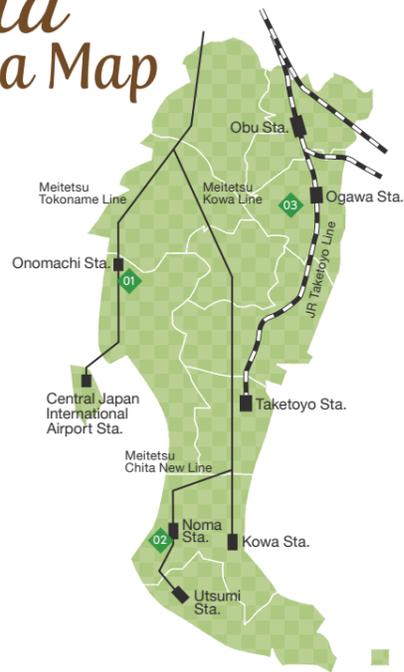
01 Ono Castle Ruins (Tokoname City)



Outline

ADDRESS: Shiroyama, Aza Kanayama, Tokoname City. 479-0003
ADMISSION FEE: Free
OPEN: Lookout, March-October, 9am-5pm
November-February, 9am-4pm
CLOSED: Open year round
TEL: 0569-34-8888 (Tokoname Tourist Information Center)

Chita Area Map



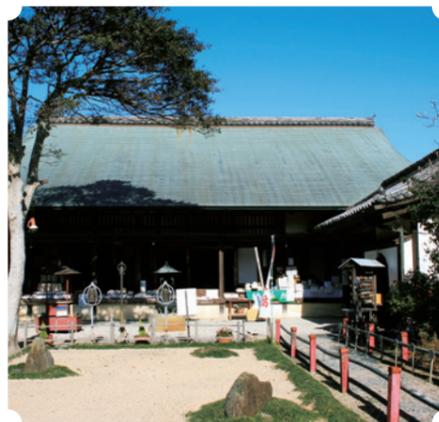
Chita Peninsula in the western part of Aichi Prefecture, is home to the Chita Shikoku Eighty-Eight Holy Grounds, temples and places connected to the famous samurai of the Sengoku, Warring States, period. The Chita Peninsula is a popular tourist area where you can enjoy old street scenes, seafood, fresh fruits, marine sports and so much more.

02 Noma Daibo Temple (Mihama Cho)

The temple where the first Kamakura Shogun's father, Minamoto no Yoshitomo is buried. The temple bell, inscribed with the year 1250, is a designated National Important Cultural Asset.

Outline

ADDRESS: 50 Higashibatake, Noma, Mihama-Cho, Chita-Gun. 470-3235
TEL: 0569-87-0050 ※8:30am-4:30pm



03 Uchuzan Kenkonin Temple (Higashiura Cho)

Established by the samurai Mizuno Sadamori in 1475 as the clan temple, the graves of four generations of the Mizuno clan, including that of Mizuno Tadamasu can be found in the precincts' graveyard. Tadamasu's daughter, Odai, was Tokugawa Ieyasu's mother.

Outline

ADDRESS: 4 Shamida, Ogawa, Higashiura-Cho, Chita-Gun 470-2102
ADMISSION FEE: Free
TEL: 0562-83-2506



column

Castles That Were Theatres of War, Mountaintop Castles, Castles of the Warlords. Aichi Prefecture is an Open Air Castle Museum!

There has been an upward trend in castle tours over the past few years, with visitors making their way to both the very simple early, and the later, more developed medieval castles.

There are said to be around 800 castles of various sizes and design constructed by the Three Unifiers, the warlords Oda Nobunaga, Toyotomi Hideyoshi, Tokugawa Ieyasu and their many associated warriors across Aichi Prefecture.

This makes Aichi Prefecture a literal outdoor museum of castles!

Castles That Served as The Stages for Battle



The Battle of Okehazama (1560), between Oda Nobunaga and the invading Imagawa Yoshimoto, was a dispute over the Imagawa taking the strategically important Odaka, and Narumi Castles. Nobunaga built the smaller Marune and Washizu Castles to cut off Odaka's supply route. These ruins are close to the Okehazama Battlefield Park. The ruins of Kutsukake Castle, where the Imagawa stayed prior to the battle can also be visited.

Toyotomi Hideyoshi and Tokugawa Ieyasu clashed at the Battle of Komaki Nagakute in 1584. Ieyasu used the Oda's former Komaki Castle site, while Hideyoshi constructed numerous castles. Excavations have revealed Komaki's innovative stone walls and grid-like town to have been the prototype for later castles.

The 1575 Battle of Nagashino Shitaragahara was fought over Nagashino Castle. Takeda Katsuyori had attacked Nagashino, only to be countered by Oda Nobunaga and Tokugawa Ieyasu. See the ruins of Nagashino's moats, earthen walls, and the informative Nagashino Castle History Museum.

Mountain Castles of the Mikawa Region



The Mikawa area is dotted with many mountain castles, made by the Matsudaira clan, ancestors of the Tokugawa to expand their territories and protect their lands from the rival Takeda clan. No structures remain, but the huge natural boulders of Ogyu Castle, and the Takeda-built Furumiya Castle ruins remain in a well-preserved state. Asuke Castle has been fully restored allowing visitors to experience a real medieval mountaintop castle.

Castles of the Rulers



Following the Battle of Sekigahara (1600), Tokugawa Ieyasu constructed the impressive Nagoya Castle. Nagoya was built to protect Eastern Japan and Edo (Tokyo) from possible attack by the rival Toyotomi clan, and to launch the attacks on Osaka to end the Toyotomi. It also accommodated the Shogun on his visits to the Emperor in Kyoto. The Honmaru Palace, reserved solely for the use of the Shogun, was destroyed in wartime fire-bombing, but was authentically reconstructed, returning it to its former glory in June 2018.



1



Nagoya Matsuri Festival
(Nagoya City)

Nagoya's autumn tradition since 1955, and the city's biggest festival features a gorgeous samurai parade celebrating the three local heroes Oda Nobunaga, Toyotomi Hideyoshi and Tokugawa Ieyasu. Over 600 people join the parade through the streets of central Nagoya City.

WHEN: Third Saturday and Sunday in October
WHERE: Nagoya City central area

2



Nagashino Battle Flag Festival (Shinshiro City)

A festival dedicated to those killed on both sides of the Battle of Nagashino Shitaragahara. Over 1,000 crested battle flags are flown, war drum and armored samurai matchlock gun firing demonstrations are held.

WHEN: May 5
WHERE: Nagashino Castle ruins

3



Okehazama Historical Battlefield Festival(Toyoake City)

Remembering those who perished in the Battle of Okehazama, fought in 1560 between Oda Nobunaga and Imagawa Yoshimoto, the Okehazama Historical Battlefield Festival features a parade of over 300 armor clad samurai, and a rousing traditional battle cry and raising of arms.

WHEN: First Saturday and Sunday of June
WHERE : Kotoku-in Temple and surrounding areas

4



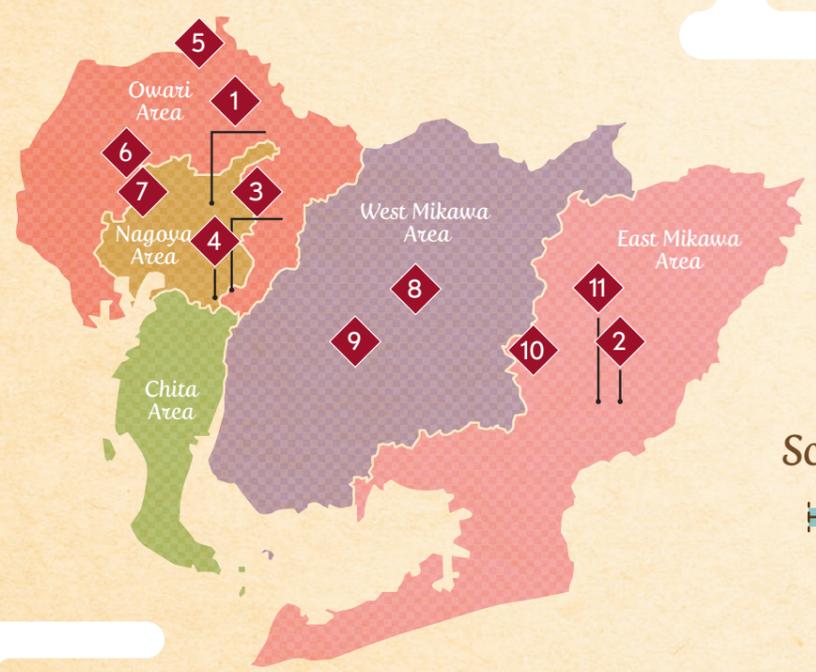
Okehazama Battlefield Festival and Votive Lantern Illumination (Midori Ward, Nagoya City)

A historical festival held on the old Okehazama battlefield. Features armored samurai parades and re-enactments, and after sunset, in memory of those who perished in the battle, 3,500 lanterns are lit up around the lake.

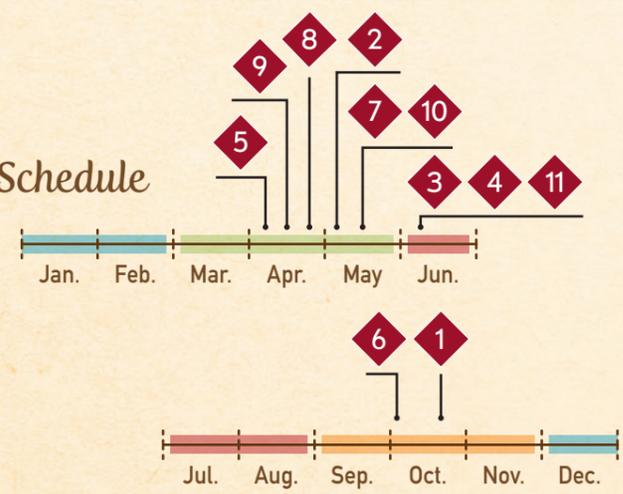
WHEN: Closest Saturday or Sunday to June 12 *2020 dates to be decided
WHERE: Okehazama Battlefield Park, Oike Lake, Chofuku-ji Temple, etc.

SAMURAI FESTIVALS

Festival map



Schedule



Inuyama Matsuri Festival
(Inuyama City)

A UNESCO registered Intangible Cultural Heritage festival that originated in 1635 with the encouragement of the Lord of Inuyama Castle, and features 13 large ornately decorated festival floats, topped with the enthralling Karakuri mechanical dolls. In the evening, the floats are adorned with 365 lanterns making a spectacular sight, particularly under the cherry blossoms!

WHEN : First Saturday and Sunday of April
WHERE: Streets of Inuyama Castle Town



Kiyosu Castle Nobunaga Festival
(Kiyosu City)

Held on the grounds of Oda Nobunaga's famous Kiyosu Castle and the surrounding area. Features samurai matchlock gun firing demonstrations, a samurai parade, traditional markets and other great attractions.

WHEN : October 1-31
※ Main event is the first Sunday in October
WHERE: Kiyosu Castle grounds and surrounding areas.



Taiko Matsuri Festival
(Nakamura Ward, Nagoya City)

Dedicated to local hero Toyotomi Hideyoshi and staged at the Toyokuni Jinja Shrine, and featuring lively parades and events, including the Red Cap parade and childrens' procession amongst others.

WHEN: Second Saturday and Sunday in May
WHERE: Nakamura Koen Park area



Matsudaira Spring Festival
(Toyota City)

The Matsudaira Spring Festival, held in accordance with ancient rituals and dating back about 400 years, features traditional drumming performances, dances, and exciting hand held fireworks displays.

WHEN : The first Saturday and Sunday before April 17.
WHERE: Matsudaira-go



Ieyasu Parade
(Okazaki City)

A samurai parade, featuring around 700 warriors, mounted samurai and Lord Tokugawa Ieyasu himself unfolds like a traditional scroll before your very eyes.

WHEN : First Sunday in April
WHERE : Iga Hachimangu Shrine, Otagawa Riverside etc.



Tsukude Kojo Old Castle Festival
(Shinshiro City)

Held in the ruins of the warlord Okudaira clan's Kameyama Castle and surrounding areas, this festival features traditional drumming performances, and displays of samurai firing matchlock guns.

WHEN: Second Sunday in May
WHERE : Kameyama Castle ruins



Shitaragahara Battlefield Festival
(Shinshiro City)

Japan's first great gun battle! See reenactments of the battle, samurai matchlock gun firing, samurai parades, children's events, and more on the actual Nagashino Shitaragahara Battlefield itself!

WHEN : First Sunday in June
WHERE : Shinshiro Shitaragahara Historical Museum and surrounding areas

West Mikawa Area

The hometown of the Tokugawa clan, Okazaki, offers a rich range of historical spots, tourist attractions and places you'll want to visit again!



Castle of Ieyasu's Birth, and Home of the Mikawa Warriors



Historical Town, Okazaki's Symbol ◆ 01 Okazaki Castle (Okazaki City)

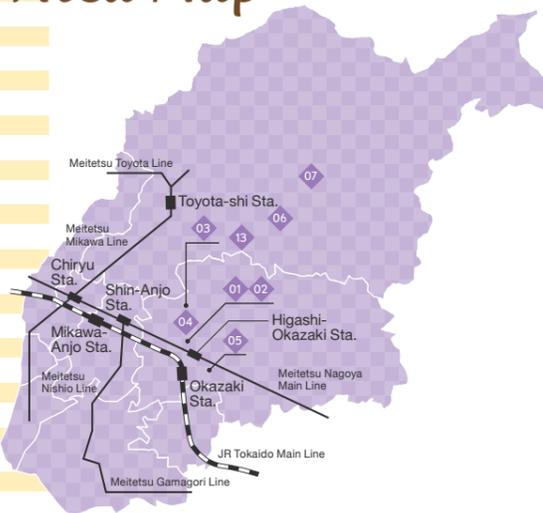


Outline
 ADDRESS: 561 Kosei-Cho, Okazaki City, 444-0052
 ADMISSION FEE: (adults) ¥200
 OPEN: 9am-5pm (last admission 4:30pm)
 CLOSED: Year end, December 20-31
 TEL: 0564-22-2122



Okazaki Castle is famous for being the birth site of Tokugawa Ieyasu. It is also famed for its cherry blossom, drawing great crowds every spring.

West Mikawa Area Map



The West Mikawa area and Okazaki is the hometown of the Shogun Tokugawa Ieyasu and his ancestors. One of the 53 former post towns on the Tokaido Highway, Okazaki boasts numerous places, from Okazaki Castle to ancient temples, where you can really feel the history.

◆ 02 Mikawa Bushi and Ieyasu Museum (Okazaki City)

Features exhibits and items related to the birth of Ieyasu, through to his total control over the nation, and the lives of the Mikawa Warriors who supported him. Try on samurai armor, handle a samurai sword and feel like a samurai experiences available.

Outline
 ADDRESS: 561-1 Kosei-Cho, Okazaki City, 444-0052
 ADMISSION FEE: (adults) ¥360
 OPEN: 9am-5pm (Last admission, 4:30pm)
 CLOSED: December 29-31
 TEL: 0564-24-2204



Great Lord Ieyasu Aoi Bushotai Samurai Performance Team

Meet Lord Ieyasu and his Four Great Generals. Five warriors and a princess of the Sengoku period entertain tourists and fans with their unique brand of hospitality and performances at Okazaki Park.

◆ 03 Daiju-ji Temple (Okazaki City)

The graves of eight generations of Ieyasu's ancestors, the Matsudaira clan, and mortuary tablets the actual height of each successive Shogun are enshrined in the Daiju-ji. From the main prayer hall, looking directly through the Sanmon and the outer Somon Gates, you can see Okazaki Castle, Ieyasu's birthplace.



Outline
 ADDRESS: 5-1 Aza Hiromoto, Kamoda-Cho, Okazaki City, 444-2121
 ADMISSION FEE: (Cultural Properties Treasure Hall)
 Adults ¥400
 Group bookings (15 and over) ¥350
 OPEN: 9am-5pm
 TEL: 0564-21-3917



◆ 04 Iga Hachimangu Shrine (Okazaki City)

Founded in 1470 by the Matsudaira clan, ancestors of Tokugawa Ieyasu. The unifier of Japan, Shogun Tokugawa Ieyasu, is worshipped as a deity here in the Iga Hachimangu Shrine, also the Kunouzan Toshogu and the Nikko Toshogu Shrines.



Outline
 ADDRESS: 86 Higashi-Gonaka, Iga-Cho, Okazaki City, 444-0075
 ADMISSION FEE: Free
 TEL: 0564-26-2789

◆ 05 Rokusho Jinja Shrine (Okazaki City)

It is said that Tokugawa Ieyasu was brought to the Rokusho Jinja Shrine when he was born, for his first shrine visit. Only highly ranked feudal lords were permitted to climb the stone stairs to the ornately colored towering Roman Gate.



Outline
 ADDRESS: 44 Aza Mimitori, Miyodaichi-Cho, Okazaki City, 444-0864
 ADMISSION FEE: Free
 TEL: 0564-51-2930

The Nature Blessed Birthplace of the Matsudaira Clan

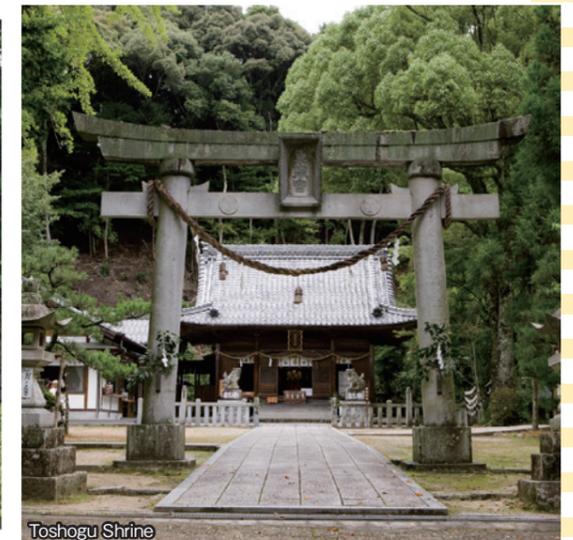
◆ 06 Matsudaira-go (Toyota City)

The birthplace of the Matsudaira clan, ancestors of the Tokugawa. The moats and stone walls of their former residence remains, and is now the Matsudaira Toshogu Shrine. Nearby is the family temple, the Kogetsu-in.

Outline
 ADDRESS: 9-1 Akabara, Matsudaira-Cho, Toyota City, 444-2202 (Matsudaira-go)
 OPEN: (Reception times) 9am-3pm
 CLOSED: Wednesdays, Year End and New Years.
 TEL: 0565-58-1629



Kogetsu-in Temple



Toshogu Shrine

Faithful Reproduction of a Sengoku Era Castle

◆ 07 Asuke Castle (Toyota City)



Asuke Castle saw a great deal of Sengoku (Warring States) period action, and has been authentically reproduced using bamboo nails, hemp rope and traditional methods.



Outline
 ADDRESS: 39-2 Suzawa, Asuke-Cho, Toyota City, 444-2424
 ADMISSION FEE: (Adults) ¥300
 OPEN: 9am-4:30pm (last admission, 4pm)
 CLOSED: Thursdays (except during the May 3-5 holiday period and November) also closed December 25-January 5.
 TEL: 0565-62-0770

East Mikawa Area

Ideal area for history fans, features the site of the Battle of Nagashino Shitaragahara, castle ruins of the Sengoku Warriors, and so much more.

National Historical Site
Scene of Fierce Fighting



The Infallible Castle On The Cliffs

01 Nagashino Castle Ruins (Shinshiro City)

Outline

ADDRESS: 22-1 Aza Ichiba, Nagashino, Shinshiro City. 441-1634

Nagashino Castle, built in 1508 on top of cliffs at the fork of a river, was attacked in 1575 by Takeda Katsuyori, son of the great Takeda Shingen, leading to the Battle of Nagashino Shitaragahara. The castles' dry moats and earthen walls remain.

02 Nagashino Castle History Museum (Shinshiro City)

This museum preserves and displays materials and history related to Nagashino Castle and the Battle of Nagashino Shitaragahara and surrounding areas. A great many historical sites associated with the battle can be found nearby.

Outline

ADDRESS: 22-1 Aza Ichiba, Nagashino, Shinshiro City. 441-1634
ADMISSION FEE: High school students and older, ¥210. Groups (20 or more) ¥160
Elementary / junior high school students, ¥100. Groups (20 or more) ¥50
*Some prices will change from April 2020.
High school students and older ¥220. Groups, ¥170
OPEN: 9am-5pm (last entry 4:30pm)
CLOSED: Tuesdays, Year End and New Years (Dec. 29-Jan. 3)
TEL: 0536-32-0162



03 Shinshiro Shitaragahara Historical Museum (Shinshiro City)

Detailing the Battle of Nagashino Shitaragahara, one of the major turning points in Japanese history, and exhibiting a wide range of samurai armor, weapons, and fully explaining the role played by matchlock guns.

Outline

ADDRESS: 552 Shingenhara, Aza Takehiro, Shinshiro City. 441-1305
ADMISSION FEE: High school students and older, ¥300. Groups (20 or more) ¥200
Elementary / junior high school students, ¥100. Groups (20 or more) ¥50
*Some prices will change from April 2020.
High school students and older, ¥330. Groups, ¥220
OPEN: 9am-5pm
CLOSED: Tuesdays (the following day if Tuesday is a public holiday), Year End and New Years
TEL: 0536-22-0673



The Fortress Overlooking the Toyogawa River

04 Yoshida Castle (Toyohashi City)

Yoshida Castle was home to the historic Sengoku warriors, Sakai Tadatsugu, Ikeda Terumasa and many more. Look carefully at the stones in the walls to find various engraved marks and symbols.

Outline

ADDRESS: 3 Imahashi-Cho, Toyohashi City. 440-0801
ADMISSION FEE: Free
OPEN: (Kurogane Yagura watchtower) Tuesdays to Sundays, 10am-3pm
CLOSED: Mondays, Year End and New Years (Dec.29 - Jan.3)
TEL: 0532-51-2430 (Toyohashi City Hall)

*Open on Public Holidays. If a Monday or Tuesday is a substitute holiday, then closed.



Shogun Tokugawa Iemitsu Built, National Important Cultural Asset Listed Niomon Gate.

05 Horai-ji Temple / Horai-ji Toshogu Shrine (Shinshiro City)

National Important Cultural Asset listed Horai-ji Toshogu Shrine is one of the top three Toshogu, alongside Nikko Toshogu and Kunoan Toshogu Shrines, dedicated to Tokugawa Ieyasu, and constructed by Ieyasu's grandson, the Third Shogun Tokugawa Iemitsu in 1648. The entire mountain housing the Horai-ji Temple and Horai-ji Toshogu is a Nationally Designated Site of Scenic Beauty and a Natural Monument. The area is particularly famed for its autumn colors.



Outline

ADDRESS: Aza Horai-ji, Kadoya, Shinshiro City. 441-1944
ADMISSION FEE: Free
CAR PARK: Uppermost car park, ¥510 per car, motorbikes ¥210
OPEN: Car park open from 8am-6pm
TEL: 0536-35-1004 (Horai-ji Temple)



Shrine to The Gods of Commerce, Patronized by The Three Unifiers

06 Toyokawa Inari Shrine & Temple (Toyokawa City)

Toyokawa Inari is recognized nationwide as one of the Three Inari Shrines, home to the Gods of Prosperity. Founded in 1441, it was patronized by the Three Unifiers, the warlords Oda Nobunaga, Toyotomi Hideyoshi and Tokugawa Ieyasu. Millions visit this popular spot annually.



Outline

ADDRESS: Toyokawa-Cho, Toyokawa City. 442-8538
ADMISSION FEE: admission is free, but there are charges for any prayers conducted.
OPEN: (Prayer reception times) 6am-3:30pm
TEL: 0533-85-2030 (9am-5pm)



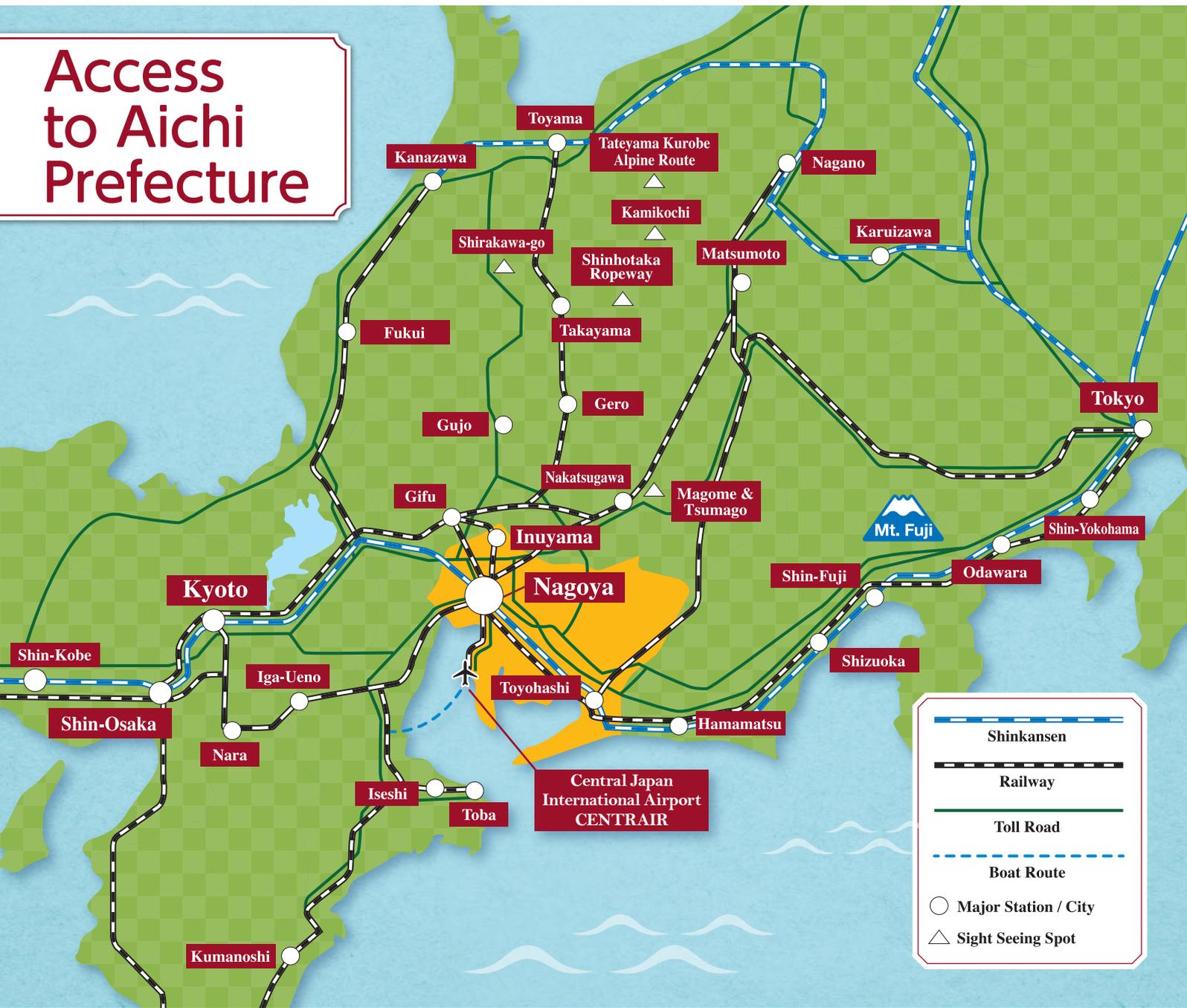
East Mikawa Area Map

This historical East Mikawa area was center stage during the turbulent Sengoku, or Warring States Period. Visit Yoshida Castle and prosperous Toyohashi City, the old Edo period Yoshida and Futagawa post towns, inns, battlefields and castle sites.





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